#### The Book of Grammar Lesson Four

#### Sophomore Honors English Mr. McBride

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# What you should know by the end of Lesson Four

- How to diagram the following parts of a simple sentence:
  - Subject
  - Verb
  - Modifiers adjectives and adverbs
  - Direct object
  - Prepositional phrase
  - indirect object
  - predicate noun
  - appositive



### What and Why

Diagramming sentences provides a way of graphically representing the structure of a sentence. By placing the various parts of a sentence in relation to the basic subject-verb relationship, we can see how the parts fit together and how the meaning of a sentence branches out, just as the branches of a plant radiate from the stem in space and time. Most students who work at diagramming sentences derive a clearer understanding of how sentences work – as well as satisfaction in the pictorial rendering of sentence structure. This presentation touches upon only the basics of diagramming.

## Diagramming the Subject and the Verb

We begin with the representation of a very simple sentence:

*Glaciers melt.* 



We will place the subject-verb relationship on a straight horizontal line . . .

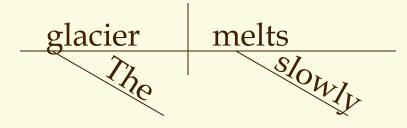
Glaciers melt

and separate the subject from its verb with a short vertical line extending through the horizontal line.

### **Diagramming Modifiers**

Modifiers are adjectives and adverbs, which "modify" the meaning of nouns and verbs. Modifiers are written under the words they modify on slanted lines:

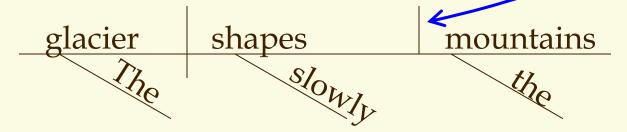
The glacier melts slowly.



## Diagramming a Direct Object

A direct object follows the verb on the horizontal line; it is separated from the verb by a vertical line that does not go through the horizontal line:

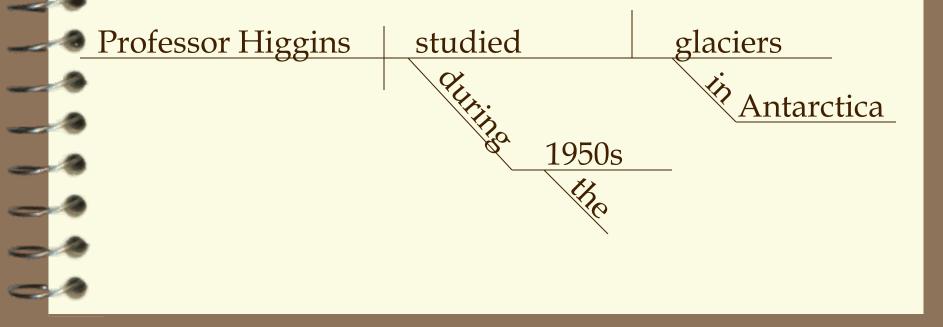
*The glacier slowly shapes the mountains.* 



#### **Diagramming Prepositional Phrases**

Prepositional phrases are arranged on branches below the words they modify:

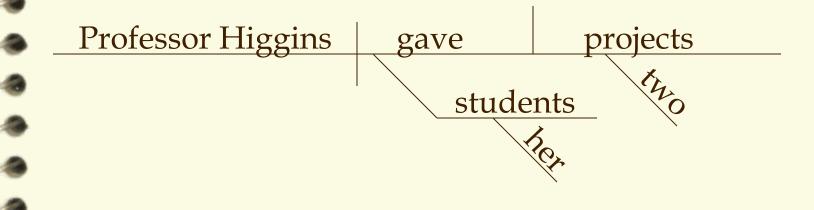
*Professor Higgins studied glaciers <u>in Antarctica</u> <u>during</u> <u>the 1950s</u>.* 



## **Diagramming Indirect Objects**

Indirect objects are arranged under the main sentence line:

Professor Higgins gave her <u>students</u> two projects.



### Diagramming Predicate Nouns

Predicate nouns follow the verb and are separated from the verb by a slanted line:

Frohen

water

A glacier is frozen <u>water</u>.

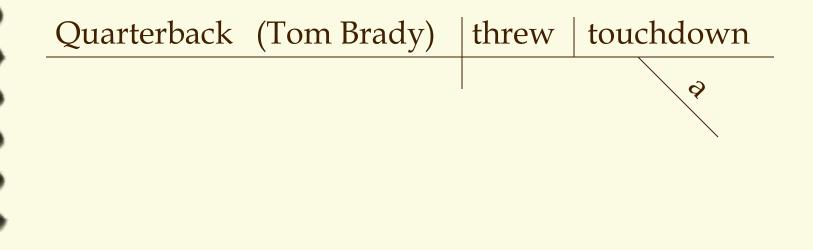
is

glacier

## Diagramming Appositives

Appositives follow the words they rename and are placed in parentheses:

Quarterback Tom Brady threw a touchdown.



#### The end of Lesson Four

#### Quiz on Friday, December 14